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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/986,055		11/07/2001	Masaaki Morishima	WN-2411	4790	
466	7590	08/02/2006		EXAMINER		
YOUNG &			GAUTHIER, GERALD			
745 SOUTH 2ND FLOO		IKEEI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ARLINGTO	ON, VA	22202	2614			
				DATE MAILED: 08/02/200	DATE MAILED: 08/02/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<del></del>			Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			09/986,055	MORISHIMA, M	ASAAKI				
			Examiner	Art Unit					
			Gerald Gauthier	2614					
	The MAILING DATE of this commu	nication app	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	address				
Period fo			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD I MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty (period for reply is specified above, the maximum see to reply within the set or extended period for reply period for reply bely received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION.  ns of 37 CFR 1.13  nmunication.  (30) days, a reply  statutory period wi  ly will, by statute,	6(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of thin apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered tim  ITHS from the mailing date of this  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nely. communication.				
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) fil	led on <i>02 Jul</i>	ne 2006						
·	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .		action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition	•		ers, prosecution as to the	ne merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition	on of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the	application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	☐ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6-10,12-16,18 and 19</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) 5,11 and 17 is/are objecte	d to.							
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restri	iction and/or	election requirement.						
Application	on Papers								
9) 🗆 🗆	The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner							
	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any obje								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) 🔲 🗆	The oath or declaration is objected t	to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached	d Office Action or form F	PTO-152.				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) 🗌 A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	n for foreian r	oriority under 35 U.S.C. 8	119(a)-(d) or (f).					
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			, (4) (4) (7)					
	1. Certified copies of the priority	documents	have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority			pplication No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies	of the priori	ty documents have been	received in this Nationa	al Stage				
	application from the Internation				-				
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action	on for a list o	f the certified copies not	received.					
Attachment	(s)								
	of References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)					
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (lation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o	•		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (P1	TO-152)				
	No(s)/Mail Date		6)  Other:		· - · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 2. **Claim(s) 1, 7 and 13** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. **Claim 1** recites the limitation "the procedure" in lines 4, 8, 9 and 10. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 7 recites the limitation "the procedure" in lines 4 and 9 and "the execution" in line 13. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 13 recites the limitation "the procedure" in lines 5 and 10 and "the execution" in line 14. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim(s) 2-6, 8-12 and 14-18 are rejected for being dependent of rejected claims.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claim(s) 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamada et al. (US 6,192,258 B1) in view of Smethers (US 6,463,304 B2).

Regarding **claim(s) 1, 7 and 13**, Kamada discloses a mobile terminal (column 1, lines 6-10), comprising:

a display device for displaying characters and an image (column 9, lines 25-32) [The display window 141 show the image that can be rotated and person names as character display];

a browser controller for executing first processing for displaying first display data having the procedure for browsing a desired web page and the content of the web page on the display device so that an operator browses the web page (FIGS. 5A, 5B and column 6, lines 45-61)

an e-mail sending and receiving controller for executing second processing for displaying second display data having the procedure for creating an e-mail, the

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procedure for sending and receiving the e-mail, and the content of the created or received e-mail on the display device so as to send and receive the e-mail (column 8, lines 56-65) [The person's email is selected with a pen for sending e-mail is displayed and also creating and receiving an email].

a switching controller for controlling the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller in accordance with operator's instructions and displaying the first display data and the second display data on the display device while switching them (column 7, lines 9-38) [The rotary switch is capable of clockwise and counterclockwise operations as well as push operations to switch from the browser and the e-mail operations].

Kamada disclose a browser function in the mobile terminal but fails to disclose a single switching member for switching the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller while switching them with a single switching member.

However, Smethers, in the same field of endeavor, teaches a single switching member for switching between the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller upon toggling said single switching member (column 6, lines 23-30) [Pressing the navigation key in the nine o'clock position switches the display to browser mode and pressing the navigation key in the twelve o'clock position switch the display to e-mail operation, therefore a single switching member, the navigation key, switches the displays].

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Kamada using the teaching of navigation key as taught by Smethers.

This modification of the invention enables the system to have a single switching member for switching the browser controller and said e-mail sending and receiving controller so that the user would access information using a mobile device.

Regarding **claim(s) 2, 8 and 14**, Kamada as modified discloses when the e-mail is received or the operator instructs the second processing while the browser controller executes the first processing, the switching controller controls the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller to display the content of the received e-mail or the second display data on the display device (column 8, lines 56-65).

Regarding **claim(s)** 3, 9 and 15, Kamada as modified discloses when the e-mail is received or the operator instructs the second processing while the browser controller executes the first processing, the switching controller controls the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller so that the display device displays the first display data and the content of the received e-mail or the second display data on a single screen or separated screens (column 9, lines 1-9).

Regarding claim(s) 4, 10 and 16, Kamada as modified discloses after the content of the received e-mail is displayed on the display device and a predetermined

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time passes, the switching controller controls the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller to display only the first display data on the display device (column 9, lines 1-9).

Regarding **claim(s) 6, 12 and 18**, Kamada as modified discloses receiving the operator's instructions as at least one of manual operation and voice (column 7, lines 9-38).

7. **Claim(s) 19** is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshii et al. (US 6,711,620 B1) in view of Smethers.

Regarding **claim(s) 19**, Yoshii discloses a mobile terminal (column 10, lines 1-7) comprising:

a display device (30 on FIG. 5);

a browser controller (28 on FIG. 2) for browsing a desired web page, so that browser content of the web page is displayed on said display device (column 10, line 29-39) [The communication control section 28 allows the Internet browser application to access data from the Internet];

an e-mail sending and receiving controller for creating, sending and receiving e-mail, so that e-mail content is displayed on said display device (column 10, line 29-39)

[The e-mail application is for exchanging mails trough the Internet].

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Yoshii discloses a browser controller and an email controller but fails to disclose a single switch for switching between said browser controller and said e-mail sending and receiving controller.

However, Smethers teaches a single switch for switching between said browser controller and said e-mail sending and receiving controller, so that at least one of said browser content and said e-mail content are displayed on said display device when said single switch is toggled (column 6, lines 23-30) [Pressing the navigation key in the nine o'clock position switches the display to browser mode and pressing the navigation key in the twelve o'clock position switch the display to e-mail operation, therefore a single switching member, the navigation key, switches the displays].

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Yoshii using the teaching of navigation key as taught by Smethers.

This modification of the invention enables the system to have a single switch for switching between said browser controller and said e-mail sending and receiving controller so that the user would access information using a mobile device.

## Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claim(s) 5, 11 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

# Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim(s) 1-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gerald Gauthier whose telephone number is (571) 272-7539. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-7547. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GERALD GAUTHIER PATENT EXAMINER

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July 28, 2006